REDBUD HEALTH CARE DISTRICT Clearlake, California FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

JUNE 30, 2018

REDBUD HEALTH CARE DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Redbud Health Care District Clearlake, California

We have audited the accompanying statement of net position and statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows of Redbud Health Care District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Board of Directors Redbud Health Care District Clearlake, California

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

& Confong, CPAS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 3, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal controls over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal controls over financial reporting and compliance.

Fechter & Company.

Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

January 3, 2019

REDBUD HEALTH CARE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest and property taxes receivable	\$	1,564,729 84,844
Total Current Assets		1,649,573
NON CURRENT ASSETS Property and equipment (Note 3) Notes Receivable (Note 4)	And the second second	1,000,000
Total Assets	\$	2,649,573
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accrued expenses	\$	3,874
NET POSITION-Unrestricted		2,645,699
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	2,649,573

REDBUD HEALTH CARE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

OPERATING REVENUES

Property taxes Interest income	\$	826,155 53,212
Total Operating Revenues	-	879,367
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Grants		642,290
Salary		53,859
Taxes		7,304
Directors' fees		5,800
Insurance		6,153
Office expense		1,545
Professional fees		7,291
Utilities and telephone		3,332
Dues and subscriptions		2,658
Travel		678
Miscellaneous		1,935
Total Operating Expenses		732,845
Increase in Net Position		146,522
Net Position-Beginning of Year		2,499,177
Net Position-End of Year	\$	2,645,699

REDBUD HEALTH CARE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Receipts from property taxes and interest Interest income Grants paid Payments to suppliers and contractors Payments to directors Payments to employees	\$ 826,155 43,017 (640,790) (22,749) (5,800) (61,163)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	 138,670
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	138,670
Cash and Cash Equivalents-Beginning of Year	 1,426,059
Cash and Cash Equivalents-End of Year	\$ 1,564,729
RECONCILIATION OF INCREASE IN NET POSITION TO CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Increase in Net Position Adjustments to reconcile net position to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 146,522
Increase in interest and property taxes receivable	(10,195)
Decrease in accrued expenses	 2,343
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 138,670

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of the financial statements.

Nature of Operations - Redbud Health Care District (the District), a political subdivision of the State of California, serves the residents of southern Lake County, California. The District's primary function is to collect tax revenue and provide grants to promote health care and similar community programs within the District.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus - The District's financial activity is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus utilizing the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred.

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the District has elected to apply the provisions of all relevant pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), including those issued after November 30, 1989, that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, established financial reporting requirements for all state and local governments. The District has adopted the financial reporting provisions of GASB No. 34, but has elected to not present Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that the GASB has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits in a commercial checking account and deposits in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which is a State of California, Treasurer's Office investment pool. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The District records its deposits at fair value. The demand deposits held in a commercial checking account may at times be in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (continued)

Capital Assets - Capital assets are assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more and are reported as historic or estimated historic cost or, in the case of contributed assets, at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays of \$1,000 or more that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows: computer equipment, 3 to 5 years; furniture and office equipment, 7 to 10 years.

Net Position - Net position is classified into three components. These components consist of:

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt This category groups all
 capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation
 and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition,
 construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this
 category.
- Restricted Net Position This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This category represents net position of the District not restricted for any project or other purpose.

The District had only unrestricted net position at June 30, 2018.

Operating Revenues and Expenses - The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position distinguishes between operating and non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues result from property taxes and interest income. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred to provide services.

Property Tax - Property taxes are levied by Lake County on the District's behalf and are utilized to support operations. The amount of property tax received is dependent upon the assessed real property valuations, as determined by the Lake County Assessor. Property taxes are due in two equal installments on November 1 and March 1 each year and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10, respectively. The District received 94% of its financial support from property taxes.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (continued)

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Implementation of Accounting Pronouncements - The District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 63 (GASB 63), Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. GASB 63 provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. It also identifies net position, or the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. As implied above, GASB 63 changes the previous classification of net assets to net position, and consequently, the statement of net assets to the statement of net position. The District had no deferred inflows or outflows of resources as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The California Government Code authorizes investments in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and its agencies and instrumentalities, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State of California, Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which is a pooled investment fund held at the State of California, Treasurer's Office.

California Government Code, Section 53635, places the following concentration limits on the State investment pool, which is unrated:

No more than 40% may be invested in eligible commercial paper, no more than 10% may be invested in the outstanding commercial paper of any single issuer, and no more than 10% of the outstanding commercial paper of any single issuer may be purchased.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - (continued)

Cash, deposits, and investments at carrying value, which approximates fair value, consisted of the following at June 30, 2018:

Investments in State Treasurer's Investment Pool (LAIF)	\$ 1,172,369
Deposits held in financial institutions	393,950
Payroll clearing accounting	(1,690)
Petty cash	100
Totals cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,564,729

A. Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the deposits held at banks was \$662,889. The bank balances are insured by the FDIC for \$250,000 and the remaining was collateralized, as required by California Government Code 53630, by the pledging financial institution with assets held in a common pool for the District and other governmental agencies. State law requires that the collateral be equal or greater than 100% of all public deposits held with the pledging financial institution if government securities are used or 150% if mortgages are used as the collateral.

B. Authorized Investments

California statutes authorize the District to invest idle or surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs.

The Government Code allows investments in the following instruments:

- Securities of the United States Government, or its agencies
- Small Business Administration loans
- Certificates of Deposit (or Time Deposits) placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
- · Banker's Acceptances
- Commercial paper and medium-term corporate notes
- Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool and County Pool) Demand Deposits
- Repurchase Agreements (Repos)
- Passbook savings Account Demand Deposits
- · Reverse Repurchase Agreements
- County Cash Pool

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – (continued)

C. Investments

The District has adopted provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. GASB No. 31 establishes accounting and financial standards for investments in interest-earning investment contracts, external investment pools, and mutual funds. The statement requires all applicable investments to be reported at fair value on the balance sheet. Fair value is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale. All investment income, including change in fair market of investments, is recognized as revenue in the operating statement.

The State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) is a governmental investment pool managed and directed by the California State Treasurer and is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. An oversight committee, comprised of California State officers and various participants, provides oversight to the management of the fund. The District is a voluntary participant in the investment pool. The District reports its investment in the LAIF at the fair value provided by the State Treasurer, which is not materially different than cost. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are on an amortized costs basis. Included in the LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating securities issued by federal agencies, government sponsored enterprises, and corporations.

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As of the year-end, the weighted average maturity of the investments contained in the LAIF investment pool is approximately 10.5 months.

E. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The LAIF does not have a rating provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

NOTE 3: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Office equipment	\$ 1,818
Major moveable equipment	1,659
Total property and equipment	3,477
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(3,477)
Property and equipment, net	\$ -

NOTE 4: NOTE RECEIVABLE

The District loaned St. Helena Hospital in Clearlake \$1,000,000 in March 2010. The loan is for a period of ten years. Interest will be paid at 4% and compounded annually from the loan date until the outstanding principal is paid. Interest will be paid monthly on the first business day of each month. Under the terms of the loan, the District has the right to call the full loan balance at any time while the loan balance is outstanding.

NOTE 5: COMMITMENTS

Joint Powers Agreements

The District is a member of the Special District Risk Management Authority (SDRMA), an intergovernmental, risk sharing, joint powers authority. The SDRMA arranges for and provides members with pooled general liability, automobile and other self-insurance coverage.

Condensed financial information of the SDRMA for the year ended June 30, 2017, is as follows:

Grant Commitments

The District's Board of Directors approved grants to be paid in subsequent years as follows:

Total	\$ 653,381
Thereafter	
2023	
2022	
2021	
2020	100,000
2019	\$ 553,381

NOTE 6: CONTINGENCIES

Redbud Health Care District is authorized under the Local Health Care District Law to support qualified community health care programs. The District provides support through grant funding. The Grantee must sign a grant agreement and use the grant funds for the purposes outlined in the grant agreement. If the Grantee does not expend the grant funds in accordance with the terms and conditions outlined in the grant agreement, the Grantee is required to reimburse the District, which would result in a contingent liability for the Grantee. The District takes into consideration the reputation of the Grantee as well as the reputation of the Grantee's Board Members in the RFA (Request For Assistance) evaluation process.

NOTE 7: EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Redbud Health Care District has reviewed the results of operations for the period of time from its year end June 30, 2018, through January 4, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Management has determined that there were no events that require disclosure.